



## CITY OF BINGEN NEWSLETTER - JUNE 2008

### Your Water/Sewer Bill Has a New Look

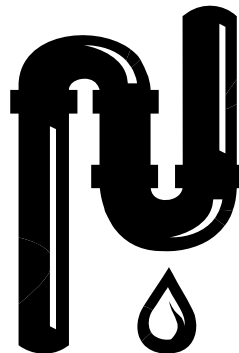
When you receive your June 2008 water/sewer bill it will look differently. First, it will arrive in an envelope – the city is no longer using “postcards.” The city has gone to full page billing. This will allow the city to place more information on the bill including city –wide notices and customer specific notices. On the top part of the bill there is an area identified “Memo:” – this will allow the city to provide a memo that is specific to the customer. The middle part of the bill will be used for city-wide notices such as upcoming meetings, reminders that dog licenses are due, etc.

If you have questions about your bill please call city hall at 509-493-2122.

### How Much Water Do You Use?

Do you every wonder why your water bill is so high or how you could possibly use that much water? For each residential customer, the April – October bills show how many gallons you used for the month.

Efficient water use can save you money on water bills.



**The city encourages all water customers to follow the conservation measures listed below.**

- Check your toilets, faucets and pipes, including outdoor faucets and pipes for leaks. A small drip can waste 20 or more gallons of water per day. A running toilet can use up to 30,000 gallons of water in a month. Leak detection tablets for toilets are available at Bingen City Hall.
- Water the lawn in the evening or early morning – avoid watering during the heat of the day or when it is windy.

- Do not use water to clean walkways or driveways – use a broom. Watering the sidewalk, gutter and street wastes water.
- Use a hose with shut-off nozzle along with a bucket of soapy water to wash the car.

### Emergency Water Conservation

The city has an emergency water conservation program that is instituted in the case of a water emergency which could be a declining water supply or emergency interruption. Notice of implementation of the emergency water conservation programs will be made by public notice posted at city hall, the post office, the city’s web page, and through the local radio stations.

Tier I – Irrigation of lawns and gardens will be restricted to the hours of 6:00 a.m. to 9 a.m. and 6:00 p.m. to 9:00 p.m.

**We encourage all residents to water lawns and garden between 6 am to 9 am and 6 pm to 9 pm on a regular basis.**

Tier II – Irrigation of lawns and gardens will be restricted to the hours of 6 a.m. to 9 a.m. only with properties with even number addresses irrigating on even number days and properties with odd number addresses irrigating on odd number days. Vehicle washing, driveway flushing, and orchard irrigation is prohibited.

Tier III – All lawn, garden, and orchard irrigation is prohibited. Vehicle washing and driveway flushing is prohibited.

Tier IV – No water use when there is a significant or complete loss of available water supply.

## City of Bingen 2007 Water Quality Report

The Environmental Protection Agency and the Washington State Department of Health require community water systems to report to their customers about the quality of water they drink. The following information is provided for the year 2007.

Details are provided about where your water comes from, what it contains, and how it compares to the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and state standards. We are committed to providing you with information. For more information about your water, call the Public Works Department at 509-493-1348. Additional information can be obtained by attending City Council meetings. The City Council meets the 1<sup>st</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup> Tuesdays of each month at 7:00 p.m.

### Where does our water come from?

The City of Bingen's water comes from three municipal wells sunk approximately 300 to 360 feet into an underground source of water. After the water comes out of the wells, it is aerated and disinfected to protect you against microbial contaminants.

It should be noted that the City of Bingen purchases water from the City of White Salmon during peak usage. Copies of White Salmon's Annual Drinking Water Quality Report is available at Bingen City Hall and White Salmon City Hall.

### Is the water safe?

Last year, as in years past, your tap water met all U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and state drinking water health standards. The City of Bingen vigilantly safeguards its water supplies and once again we are proud to report that our system has not violated a maximum contaminant level or any other water quality standard.

### Do I need to take special precautions?

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. People should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. Environmental Protection Agency and Center for Disease Control guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by

*Cryptosporidium* and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the EPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

Contaminants that may be present in source water before we treat it include:

- **Microbial contaminants**, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.
- **Inorganic contaminants**, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from storm water runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining or farming.
- **Pesticides and herbicides**, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture and residential uses.
- **Radioactive contaminants**, which are naturally occurring.
- **Organic chemical contaminants**, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban storm water runoff, and septic systems.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations which limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. We treat our water according to EPA's regulations. Food and Drug Administration regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water which must provide the same protection for public health.

## Water Quality Data Table

The water quality information presented in the table(s) is from the most recent round of testing done in accordance with the regulations. All data shown were collected during the last calendar year unless otherwise noted in the table(s). The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) or the State requires us to monitor for certain contaminants less than once per year because the concentration of these contaminants do not change frequently.

### Important Drinking Water Definitions:

**MCLG:** Maximum Contaminant Level Goal: The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

**MCL:** Maximum Contaminant Level: The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

**AL:** Action Level: The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

**TT:** Treatment Technique: A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

ppm: Parts per million, or milligrams per liter

ppb: Parts per billion, or micrograms per liter

Variance and Exemptions: State or EPA permission not to meet an MCL, an action level, or a treatment technique under certain conditions.

Contaminants	MCLG	MCL	Your Water	Range		Sample Date	Violation	Typical Source
				Low	High			
<i>Inorganic Contaminants</i>								
Nitrate [measured as Nitrogen] (ppm)	10	10	0.27	0.05	0.27	8/6/07	No	Runoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks, sewage; Erosion of natural deposits
Nitrite [measured as Nitrogen] (ppm)	1	1	0.05	0.05	0.05	8/6/07	No	Runoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks, sewage; Erosion of natural deposits
Arsenic (ppb)	0	10	2	2	2	10/08/07	No	Erosion of natural deposits; Runoff from orchards; Runoff from glass and electronics productions wastes
Antimony (ppb)	6	6	5	5	5	12/05/06	No	Discharge from petroleum refineries; fire retardants; ceramics; electronics; solder; test addition
Barium (ppm)	2	2	0.002	0.001	0.002	6/16/04 7/13/05 12/05/06	No	Discharge of drilling wastes; Discharge from metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits
Beryllium(ppb)	4	4	0.2	0.2	0.2	12/05/06	No	Discharge of drilling wastes; Discharge from metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits
Cadmium (ppb)	5	5	2	2	2	12/05/06	No	Corrosion of galvanized pipes; Erosion of natural deposits; Discharge from metal refineries; runoff from waste batteries and paints
Chromium (ppb)	100	100	4.7	4.7	4.7	12/05/06	No	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; Erosion of natural deposits
Cyanide [as Free Cn] (ppb)	200	200	10	10	10	12/05/06	No	Discharge from plastic and fertilizer factories; Discharge from steel/metal factories
Mercury [Inorganic] (ppb)	2	2	0.3	0.3	0.3	12/05/06	No	Erosion of natural deposits; Discharge from refineries and factories; Runoff from landfills; Runoff from cropland

Contaminants	MCLG	MCL	Your Water	Range Low	Sample High	Date	Violation	Typical Source
<i>Inorganic Contaminants</i>								
Thallium (ppb)	0.5	2	2	2	2	12/05/06	No	Discharge from electronics, glass, and Leaching from ore-processing sites; drug factories
Fluoride (ppm)*	4	4	0.2	0.2	0.2	6/16/04 12/05/06	No	Erosion of natural deposits; Water additive which promotes strong teeth; Discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories

Contaminants(units)	MCLG	AL	Your Water	# of Samples > AL	Sample Date	Exceeds AL	Typical Source
<i>Inorganic Contaminants</i>							
Copper (ppm)	1.3	1.3	.0006	0	11/29/05	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits
Lead (ppm)	0	15	1	0	11/29/05	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits

Contaminants	MCLG	MCL	Your Water	Range Low	Sample High	Date	Violation	Typical Source
<i>Disinfectants &amp; Disinfection By-Products</i>								
Haloacetic Acids (HAA5) (ppb)	NA	60	0.8	NA	NA	8/06/07	No	By-product of drinking water chlorination
TTHMS (Total Trihalomethanes) (ppb)	NA	80	6.4	NA	NA	8/06/07	No	By-product of drinking water chlorination

Contaminants	MCLG	MCL	Your Water	Range Low	Range High	Sample Date	Violation	Typical Source
<i>Radioactive Contaminants</i>								
Radium (combined 226/288) (pCi/L)	0	5	ND	NA	NA	6/19/07	No	Erosion of natural deposits

\*Neither the City of Bingen or the City of White Salmon adds fluoride to its water.

Your drinking water currently meets EPA's revised drinking water standards for arsenic. However, it does contain low levels of arsenic. There is a small chance that some people who drink water containing low levels of arsenic for many years could develop circulatory disease, cancer, or other health problems. Most types of cancer and circulatory diseases are due to factors other than exposure to arsenic. EPA's standard balances the current understanding of arsenic's health effects against the costs of removing arsenic from drinking water.

### Hydrogen Sulfide in Water

The City of Bingen's water contains hydrogen sulfide which can have a sulfur and sometimes a "sewer" smell. Hydrogen sulfide is formed by sulfur bacteria that may occur naturally in water. These sulfur bacteria do not cause disease, but their presence can cause a bad taste or odor. The water produced by the three Bingen wells is safe to drink.

### City of White Salmon Results

The City of White Salmon monitors its treated water using laboratories certified by the Washington Department of Health. Copies of the full City of White Salmon Water Quality Report for the Year 2007 are available at Bingen City Hall.

### Spanish (Español)

Este informe contiene información muy importante sobre la calidad de su agua beber. Tradúscalo o hable con alguien que lo entienda bien.

## Fireworks Prohibited in Bingen

The City of Bingen adopted an ordinance that bans all fireworks in the city limits.

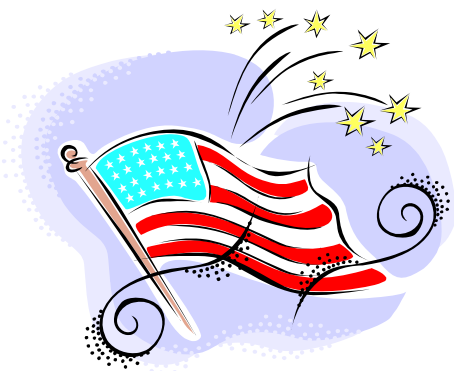
No fireworks are allowed to be set off in the city limits of Bingen. Law enforcement personnel will be enforcing the ordinance. We encourage residents and other individuals to take advantage of the opportunity to set off legal fireworks at Bingen Point on July 4 from 8 pm to 11 pm.

## 4<sup>th</sup> of July Celebration

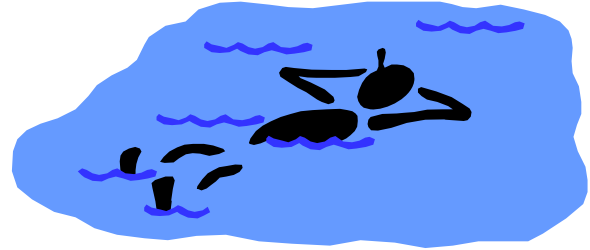
The cities of Bingen and White Salmon in conjunction with the Port of Klickitat and Klickitat County have designated a safe area at Bingen Point for shooting off fireworks from 8 pm to 11 pm. Areas are provided for those who wish to view fireworks but not shoot them off.

To keep people and property safe, laws and rules are in place.

- Please remember that illegal fireworks will be confiscated.
- Be aware of the people around you when discharging fireworks. It is unlawful to discharge or use a firework in a reckless manner which creates a risk of death or injury to a person or damage to property.
- Remember to use the garbage containers located throughout the area. It is unlawful to litter.
- Alcoholic beverages are prohibited on Port property.



## Keep Cool in the Pool



How can you keep cool this summer – by visiting the White Salmon Swimming Pool. The pool officially opens for business June 16.

### *Monday through Friday*

11:30 pm – 12:30 pm	Water Aerobics
12:30 pm – 2:30 pm	Open Swim, Session #1
3:00 pm – 5:00 pm	Open Swim, Session #2
5:30 pm – 6:30 pm	Water Aerobics
6:30 pm – 8:00 pm	Family Swim, Session #3

### *Saturday*

2:00 pm – 5:30 pm	Open Swim, Session #1
6:00 pm – 8:00 pm	Family Swim, Session #2

General Admission & Water Aerobics

\$2.25 per person/session

Season Passes/1 Person	\$64.50
Season Passes/2 People	\$96.75
Season Passes/3 People	\$129.00
Season Passes/4 or more	\$161.25

Swimming Lessons \$40.00 per class

### *Swimming Lessons*

Sign up for swimming lessons at White Salmon City Hall. Lesson times are at 10:30 a.m., 11:15 a.m., 5:00 p.m. and 5:45 p.m.

Swimming lessons are scheduled as follows:

June 16 <sup>th</sup>	–	June 27 <sup>th</sup>
July 7 <sup>th</sup>	–	July 18 <sup>th</sup>
July 21 <sup>st</sup>	–	August 1 <sup>st</sup>
Aug. 4 <sup>th</sup>	–	August 15 <sup>th</sup>

## **Fireworks Prohibited in Bingen**

**Setting off of fireworks within the city limits of Bingen is prohibited.**

**Law enforcement personnel will be enforcing the city ordinance banning fireworks.**

## **Volunteer Firefighters Needed**

**Contact David Spratt at 493-2100 or attend a fire meeting on Tuesday evenings at 6:00 p.m. at the Fire Hall, 112 N. Ash.**

## **Bingen Council Members and Staff**

Brian Prigel, Mayor  
Sandi Dickey, Council Member  
Laura Mann, Council Member  
Betty Barnes, Council Member  
Terry Trantow, Council Member  
Tim Hearn, Council Member

Jan Brending, City Administrator  
Dena Riggleman, Deputy Clerk  
David Spratt, Public Works Superintendent  
Jay Hicks, Public Works Maintenance  
Tom Hons, Treatment Plant Operator  
James Buckland, Treatment Plant Operator

City of Bingen  
P.O. Box 607, 112 N. Ash  
Bingen, Washington 98605  
Telephone: 509-493-2122  
Fax: 509-493-1391  
E-mail: [bingen@gorge.net](mailto:bingen@gorge.net)

City of Bingen  
PO Box 607  
Bingen WA 98605

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